

European Day of Languages

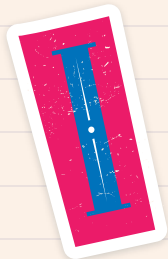
Ivayla Trencheva 8 "D" class



Introduction



The European Day of Languages has been celebrated on September 26 every year since 2002. , and the aim is to promote the benefits of language learning, linguistic diversity in Europe and to encourage language learning among people of all ages.



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Languages in the EU

There are 27 countries in the EU. There are 24 official languages - all are recognized as "spoken languages", but only two are most often used - English and French.



The official languages in the EU



- There are 24 official languages in the EU:
- English, Bulgarian, Croatian, Czech, Danish, Dutch, Estonian, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Latvian, Lithuanian, Maltese, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Slovak, Slovenian, Spanish, and Swedish.





Languages studied in the EU



English is the most widely studied language in the EU. Spanish and French come second and third, followed by German and Italian.





English in the EU

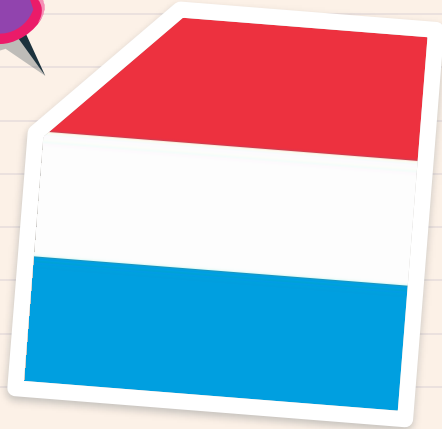


English remains the official language of the EU even though the United Kingdom has left the Union. It remains the official and working language of the EU institutions, as it is designated as such in Regulation No. 1. In addition, English is one of the official languages of Ireland and Malta.

Interesting



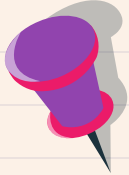
In Belgium, most students study the languages of neighboring communities like French or Dutch as a first foreign language.



Students in Luxembourg take courses in the three languages of the country: French, German, and Luxembourgish.

Interestin

g! 



As an international organisation, the EU has the biggest number of official languages.



Interesting!



In the European Parliament, each member can speak in one of the official languages.





**Thank you for your
attention!!!**